
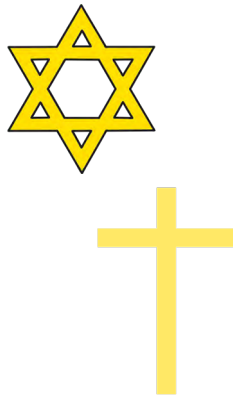



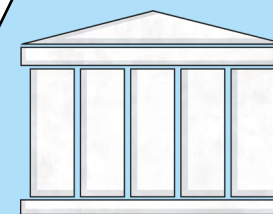
Key Vocabulary		The Difference Between Rules and Routines	
<b>rule</b>	Something which must be done or followed.	<b>Rules</b> are something that must be followed. <b>Routines</b> are the order that we do things. In school, you will have <b>rules</b> (e.g. no hurting others), but you will also have <b>routines</b> , such as having a story before home time.	
<b>routine</b>	The usual order and way you do regular things.		
<b>The Ten Commandments</b>	A set of rules that <b>Christians</b> and <b>Jews</b> follow in their lives.	<b>The Ten Commandments</b>	<b>Shabbat</b>
<b>Christians</b>	Followers of Christianity.	<p><b>The Ten Commandments</b> are a set of <b>rules</b> that were given by God, to Moses. They are found in the Old Testament of the <b>Bible</b> and the <b>Torah</b>. They are important to <b>Christians</b> and <b>Jews</b> and help them live their lives.</p> 	<p><b>Shabbat</b> is the seventh day of the week. <b>Jews</b> celebrate the <b>Sabbath</b> every week and remember how God created the world in six days and rested on the seventh day. Keeping the seventh day holy is one of <b>The Ten Commandments</b>: 'Remember the <b>Sabbath</b> day to keep it holy'.</p>
<b>Jews</b>	Followers of Judaism.		
<b>Shabbat</b>	Hebrew word for Sabbath.		
<b>Sabbath</b>	For <b>Jews</b> , the Sabbath is kept from Friday evening to Saturday evening.		
<b>Torah</b>	Jewish scriptures.		
<b>Synagogue</b>	A Jewish house of worship.	<p>The first three Commandments are about how God should be treated. The other seven are about how people should behave and how they should treat each other.</p> 	<p>During <b>Shabbat</b>, people spend time eating and being with family and God (in prayer), going to the <b>synagogue</b> and eating the <b>Shabbat</b> meal.</p> 
<b>Bible</b>	A collection of religious texts or scriptures sacred to <b>Christians</b> .		

## Key Vocabulary

<b>Muslims</b>	Followers of Islam.
<b>symbol</b>	An image or picture that is used to represent something.
<b>Punjabi</b>	The language that comes from the Punjab region of India and Pakistan.
<b>Khalsa</b>	Group of people who are <b>Sikhs</b> .
<b>Sikhs</b>	Followers of Sikhism.
<b>humanist</b>	Someone who believes that science explains how the universe was created and how it works.

## The Five Pillars of Islam

These are duties which many **Muslims** carry out in their life, to live in a good and responsible way. The Five Pillars of Islam are shahadah (profession of faith), salah (prayer), zakat (giving), sawm (fasting) and Hajj (pilgrimage).



**Humanists** believe that science explains how the universe was created and how it works. **Humanists** believe that there is no bigger purpose to the universe, or an afterlife. **Humanists** believe that everyone has the ability to give their own lives meaning and make themselves and others happy. When **humanists** make decisions, they don't follow a written set of **rules**. Instead, **humanists** make decisions based on:

Experience - things you have done and learned from.  
Reason - thinking, understanding and making judgements.  
Empathy - understanding and sharing the feelings of others.  
Respect for others - understanding that others may think differently to you and acceptance that everyone's views are equally important.

## Humanist Beliefs



## The 5 Ks

The Five Ks are **symbols** that **Sikhs** wear to show their dedication to Sikhism and that they belong to the **Khalsa**. The 5 Ks have that name because all the **symbols** in **Punjabi** begin with the letter K. They are the kangha (comb), kara (steel bangle), kesh (uncut hair), kirpan (sword) and kachera (short trousers).

